



SPLENDID GUANGXI UNPARALLELED BEAUTY



GUANGXI
CHINA



GUANGXI

Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region is situated in the south of China, adjacent to Guangdong, Hong Kong, and Macao, facing the South China Sea, and bordering Vietnam in the southwest. It occupies a land area of approximately 240,000 square kilometers, and has a population of over 57 million. Guangxi is the only ethnic minority autonomous region with marine and land borders, and it is the provincial-level region with the largest population of ethnic minorities in China, with a long history,

unique traditional culture, and magnificent natural landscape. The population of ethnic minority accounts for 37.6% of the total population of the region. Nanning, the regional capital of Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region, is the permanent host city of the China-ASEAN Expo (CAEXPO). Guangxi boasts rich cultural and tourism resources, with the picturesque Guilin landscape, exquisite coastal scenery, unique customs and features of the border area, and diverse ethnic minority cultures.



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GUANGXI CHINA



CHAPTER
ONE

HISTORIC CULTURE



THE ZUOJIANG HUASHAN ROCK ART

In 2016, the Zuojiang Huashan Rock Art Cultural Landscape was included in the World Heritage List. The history of Zuojiang Huashan Rock Art can date back to the 5th century B.C. to A.D. 2nd century. These reddish-brown murals are large in scale, most numerous, and densely distributed in southern China, and even in the southeast part of Asia. The rock art is located about 110 meters above the river's water level, depicting the living conditions and religious rituals of early inhabitants of Guangxi. It is a grand masterpiece of human creativity that showcases superb painting techniques. Up until now, in what way had the rock art been created on the hundred-meter cliff of Huashan Mountain, the meanings behind the mysterious pictographs, and why the murals can endure for over two thousand years and are still well-preserved remaining unsolved puzzles to the public.

MARITIME SILK ROAD IN HAN DYNASTY

Hepu, Guangxi is one of the important ports of departure of the Maritime Silk Road during the Han Dynasty in China. Over 2000 years ago, official ships laden with 'golden silk' set sail from the Hepu Port in Beihai, heading to coastal countries and cities in Southeast Asia all the way to West Asia, leaving a glorious chapter in the history of ancient Maritime Silk Road.

Cultural relics unearthed from the Han tombs in Hepu, such as the Green glazed clay jug, and the Light Aqua Glass Cup With String Design, bear witnesses to the scene of commercial and cultural exchanges along the Maritime Silk Road in the Han Dynasty.

Green glazed clay jug
Eastern Han Dynasty
(A.D. 25-220)



Copper phoenix lamps
Western Han Dynasty
(206 B.C.-A.D. 25)



Light Aqua Glass Cup
with String Design
Han Dynasty (206 B.C.-A.D. 220)



Cake-Shaped Gold Ingot
with the 'da' Mark
Western Han Dynasty
(206 B.C.-A.D. 25)





Guihai Forest of Steles

GUILIN STONE INSCRIPTION

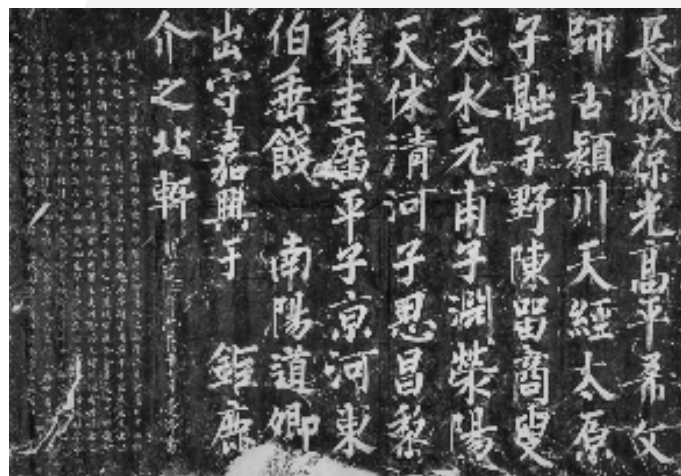
The stone inscriptions of Guilin began in the Eastern Jin Dynasty, flourished in the Tang Dynasty, and reached their peak during the Song, Ming, and Qing dynasties, boasting a history of over a thousand years. Nearly 2,000 stone carvings still exist today, with the 'Guihai Stele Forest' being the most representative. These carvings provide valuable documents for studying China's ancient politics, economy, military, religion, ethnic relations, landscape literature, calligraphy art, and so on. They are praised as the 'history books carved on cliffs'.



The inscription The Story of Mei Zhi and the Plague by Shi Mian of the Song Dynasty (A.D. 1190) was carved on the Longyin Rock of Guilin. Written in clerical script, it is one of the key highlight of the collections in the Guihai Forest of Steles Museum and a rare political warning to the world among Guilin's stone inscriptions.



The inscription Farewell to Ye Qingchen as He Takes Office in Jiaxing by Shi Yannian and others of the Song Dynasty (A.D. 1033) was carved on the Longyin Rock of Guilin. Written in regular script, it combines the bold and vigorous style of the famous Tang Dynasty calligrapher Yan Zhenqing with the elegant and graceful style of Liu Gongquan, earning it the reputation of 'Yan's muscles and Liu's bones'.



The stone inscription Poems by Chen Dang Touring Various Caves and Rocks in Guilin from the Song Dynasty (A.D. 1195) was inscribed on the Longyin Rock of Guilin. It captures the poetic expressions of Chen Dang, a talented scholar in the Song Dynasty, as he explored the mountains and caves of Guilin. In his admiration for the rich content of Guilin's stone inscriptions, Chen Dang likened them to the esteemed works The Book of Songs and Records of the Grand Historian, elevating Guilin's stone inscription to the level of classical literary masterpieces.

LINGQU CANAL IN XING'AN, GUILIN

Lingqu Canal, located in Xing'an County, Guilin, is one of the oldest canals in the world. In 2018, it was listed as a World Irrigation Heritage Site. It predates the world-famous Panama Canal and Suez Canal by over 2,000 years. The opening of Lingqu Canal facilitated the formal integration of Guangxi into the unified Chinese territory and played an active role in promoting economic, political, and cultural exchanges between the north and south of China.



HUANGYAO ANCIENT TOWN IN ZHAOPIN, HEZHOU

The history of the Huangyao Ancient Town can be dated back to more than 1,000 years. The town is surrounded by verdant mountains and green waters. Many ancient buildings, bridges, and opera stages have been well preserved, earning it the nickname the 'Dream Homestead'.

THE ZHENWU PAVILION IN RONG COUNTY, YULIN

The Zhenwu Pavilion is a Ming Dynasty wooden structure construction that has been preserved in its original state without reconstruction, representing the perfect fusion of ancient Chinese craftsmanship, science, and spirit. It is called 'a rare seen pearl in the history of ancient Chinese architecture'.





CHAPTER TWO

ETHNIC CUSTOMS

Guangxi is an autonomous region with a multi-ethnic population, inhabited by 12 native ethnic groups, including the Zhuang, Han, Yao, Miao, Dong, and Mulao, as well as 44 other ethnic groups such as the Manchu, Mongolian, and Chaoxian.

GUANGXI SANYUESAN FESTIVAL

The Sanyuesan festival is the grandest traditional festival for all ethnic groups in Guangxi. During the festival, people express their happiness and affection through singing folk songs and dancing to the rhythm of the melodies. A two-day official holiday is set to celebrate the Sanyuesan Festival each year in Guangxi.



POHUI FESTIVAL OF MIAO ETHNIC GROUP

Each year during the first month in the Chinese lunar calendar, the Miao ethnic group organizes get-together for group antiphonal singing, Lusheng Caitang (a traditional Miao dance accompanied by the sounds of the lusheng), and lusheng competitions (a reed wind instrument popular with the Miao, Dong and Yao ethnic groups). This festival is popular in the Rongshui Miao Autonomous County in Guangxi.



THE CHENGYANG EIGHT VILLAGES IN SANJIANG, LIUZHOU

The Chengyang Eight Villages is one of the biggest settlements of the Dong ethnic group of China. The wind and rain bridges in the villages are built using mortise and tenon structures without the need for blueprints or nails, earning them the reputation of being 'architectural wonders of the world'.



“WORLD’ S HOMETOWN OF BAIKU YAO” —NANDAN, HECHI

Nandan County in Hechi, Guangxi, is renowned as the “World’ s Hometown of Baiku Yao.” The Baiku Yao is a branch of the Yao ethnic group, named for the men who wear knee-length white trousers. Recognized by UNESCO as the ethnic group with the most intact cultural preservation, they are hailed as the “living fossil of human civilization.”



Traditional costume of Baiku Yao in Nandan, Hechi



Yaowang Tianxia Scenic Area in Nandan, Hechi



Geyasi Valley in Nandan, Hechi



Cavalryman Ornament



Frog Ornament

- Bronze Drum with Deformed Feather-decorated Man Patterns and Cavalryman Ornaments. Popular during the Three Kingdoms period (A.D. 220-280), it was unearthed in Teng County, Guangxi in the 1950s. It has a diameter of 88.5 cm, a height of 66.5 cm, and a foot diameter of 90.5 cm, with with frog and cavalryman ornaments along the rim.

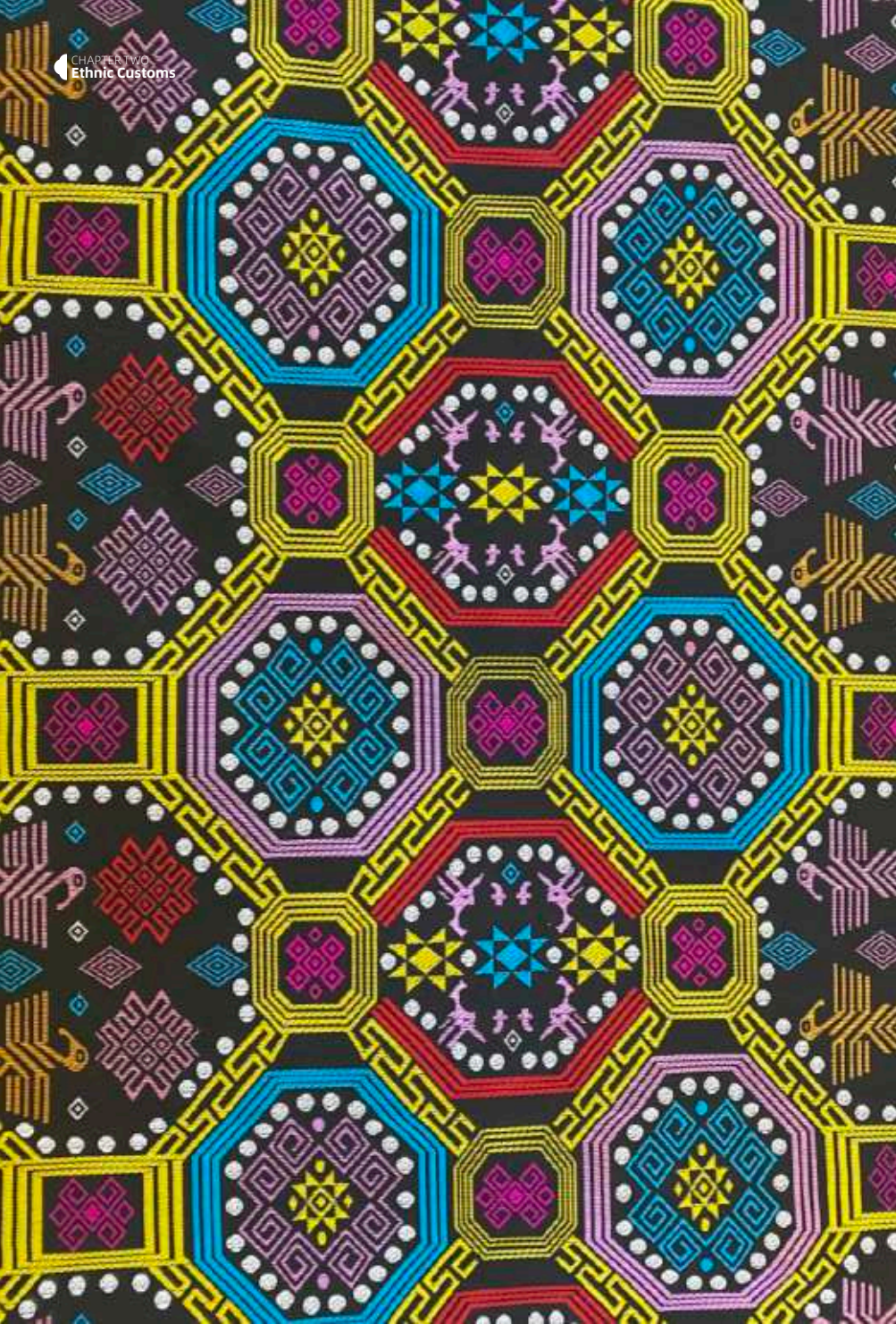
BRONZE DRUM

The bronze drum is a ritual instrument that has been popularized in southern China and Southeast Asia for more than 2700 years. It is a representative symbol of the traditional culture of Guangxi. Guangxi is known as the 'Hometown of Bronze Drums', for it has the most quantity, most comprehensive types, and widest distribution of bronze drums around the world.



- The Bronze Drum Culture (Hechi) Eco-Conservation Area (Guangxi) is one of the major cultural ecological conservation areas of China.





ZHUANG BROCADE

Guangxi Zhuang Brocade is known as one of the 'Four Famous Brocades in China'. With bright colors and vivid patterns, it is the most representative handicraft of the Zhuang ethnic group in Guangxi.





EMBROIDERED BALL

Embroidered balls are tokens of love between young men and women of the Zhuang ethnic group in Guangxi and also auspicious gifts for honored guests.



YAO COSTUME

The Yao ethnic group excel in the art of indigo dyeing and embroidery, demonstrating intricate craftsmanship to weave and embroider colorful decorative patterns. With numerous branches, their attire showcases a wide variety of styles.



MIAO EMBROIDERY

The unique silver adornments of the Miao people are finely crafted, colorful, and possess distinctive ethnic characteristics.

CHAPTER
THREE

PICTURESQUE
LANDSCAPES

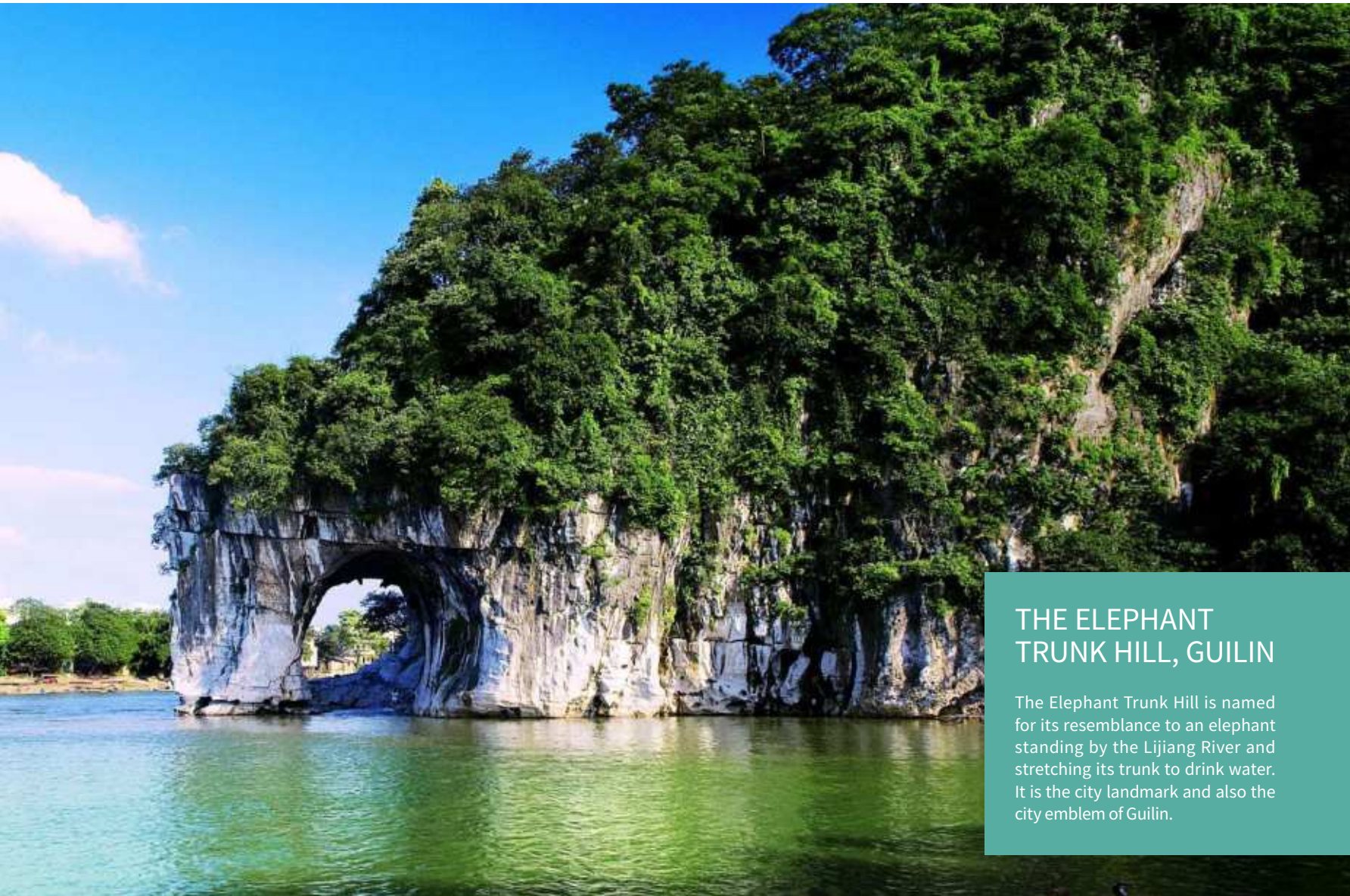




THE LIJIANG RIVER, GUILIN



The Lijiang River in Guilin, is the most beautiful and unique area of karst natural landscape in the world and has been selected as one of the most beautiful rivers globally.



THE ELEPHANT TRUNK HILL, GUILIN

The Elephant Trunk Hill is named for its resemblance to an elephant standing by the Lijiang River and stretching its trunk to drink water. It is the city landmark and also the city emblem of Guilin.

THE YULONG RIVER IN YANGSHUO, GUILIN



The Yulong River is the longest tributary of the Lijiang River in Yangshuo. Bamboo rafting on the Yulong River, cycling along the riverbank, rock climbing on cliffs, paragliding, and other outdoor sports are highly favored by tourists.



THE LONGJI RICE TERRACES IN LONGSHENG, GUILIN

The Longji Rice Terraces, located in Longsheng, Guilin, were listed as a globally important agricultural cultural heritage in 2018. They were cultivated over more than 700 years by the Zhuang and Yao people residing here. Thousands of layers of terraces wind from the foot of the mountain to the top of the mountain, which is majestic and magnificent. In 2022, Longsheng Dazhai Village was selected as the 'Best Tourism Village' by UNWTO.



Longji Rice Terraces in spring



Longji Rice Terraces in autumn



Longji Rice Terraces in summer



Longji Rice Terraces in winter

THE DETIAN CROSS-BORDER WATERFALL IN DAXIN, CHONGZUO



Connecting to the Ban Gioc Waterfall of Vietnam, the Detian Cross-border Waterfall is the largest transnational waterfall in Asia. Currently, the first cross-border tourism cooperation area—China (Detian)-Vietnam (Ban Gioc) Waterfall Cross-border Tourism Cooperation Area is in operation, allowing tourists to experience the 'tour of two countries in one day'.





HUANJIANG KARST, HECHI

The Huanjiang Karst has been preserved a complete spectrum of karst landforms, ranging from plateau karst to hill karst, featuring karst landscapes such as peaks, peak forests, low-lying land, valleys, and caves. It reflects the comprehensive and unique karst evolutionary process, possessing immeasurable aesthetic and scientific value. In 2014, the Huanjiang Karst was included in the World's Natural Heritage List.



TONGLING CANYON IN JINGXI, BAIZE

The Tongling Canyon is acclaimed as the 'most beautiful scar on Earth'. Inside the canyon, there is the Tongling Waterfall, which boasts the largest single-drop descent in Asia at 188.6 meters.

JINGXI EQUAN, BAISE

Equan is the source of Detian Waterfall. Its water flows endlessly throughout the year, crystal clear and visible to the bottom, making it one of the 'Three Famous Springs in Southwest China'.



Jingxi Equan



Jingxi Equan



Beidi Mountain

BEIDI MOUNTAIN IN PINGNAN, GUIGANG

The Beidi Mountain is renowned for its six features: majestic peaks, verdant forests, peculiar rocks, vibrant flowers, clear springs, and misty veils, earning it the title of 'Enchanted Land of Scenery and Sacred Land for Blessings'.

A scenic landscape featuring a river with two people on bamboo rafts, a traditional Chinese building on a cliff, and a dense forest. The scene is misty and serene.

CHAPTER FOUR

HEALTH and WELLNESS

Back in the Northern Song Dynasty (A.D. 1068) of China, there had been records documenting long-lived individuals of Bama. And in the Qing Dynasty (A.D. 1898), Emperor Guangxu granted the horizontal board with the inscription 'Longevity Only for the Virtuous' to Deng Chengcai, who was a 126-year-old centenarian of Bama.



○ The horizontal board 'Long Lived the Virtuous'



The air in Bama contains over ten times the negative ion compared to the average level of typical areas. The sunlight here possesses far-infrared rays ranging from 4 to 14 micrometers in wavelength and is dubbed the 'sunlight of life'. The proportion of centenarians is over five times the international longevity standard set by the World Health Organization (WHO).

○ Huang Naicheng (107-year-old), a centenarian of Bama.



○ The Ming River in Bama, Hechi resembles the Chinese character '命' (ming) in cursive script, which means 'life' or 'fate'.

The Crystal Palace in Bama, Hechi was listed as one of the 'Seven Most Beautiful Tourist Caves' in the 'Best of China's Karst Landscapes' selection conducted by the Chinese National Geography magazine.



The Baimo Cave in Bama, Hechi is filled with peculiar and varied rock formations, earning it the title the 'Palace of Natural Art'.

THE SANMEN SEA SCENIC AREA IN FENGSHAN, HECHI

There are 7 skylights that integrate mountain, water, cave, and sky in one combination inside the Sanmen Sea Scenic Area of Fengshan. This scenic area is so far the only water-connected crater that has been acknowledged by the International Show Cave Association (ISCA).



CHAPTER
FIVE

COASTAL RESORT





Bryde's whale

The Beibu Gulf waters in Guangxi is the 'Dream Paradise' for rare marine species such as the Chinese white dolphin and Bryde's whale, making it one of the areas with the highest marine biodiversity in China.



Chinese white dolphins

The Silver Beach in Beihai city is long and flat, with white sand, clean water in mild temperature, soft waves, and no sharks. It is the largest natural beach of China.

The Silver Beach in Beihai city



Beihai Weizhou Island

Beihai Weizhou Island is a young volcanic island with unique marine landforms such as sea erosion and volcanic lava. It is currently being built as an international leisure tourism island.



Catholic Church of Weizhou Island

Sanniang Bay in Qinzhou is the 'Hometown to Chinese white dolphin'.



The Golden Beach, Fangchenggang is located in the south of Wanwei Island, one of the three islands of the Jing ethnic group. It is named the Golden Beach for its golden sand color.

A top-down view of a white bowl filled with a dark, rich noodle soup. The bowl contains thin, translucent noodles, a halved hard-boiled egg, a piece of bok choy, and several fried crackers. The soup is garnished with sliced bamboo shoots, green beans, and red beans. The bowl sits on a dark wooden tray, surrounded by various spices and fresh ingredients: star anise, a cinnamon stick, a red chili pepper, and fresh basil leaves. A large head of bok choy is visible in the bottom right corner.

CHAPTER
SIX

LOCAL FLAVORS



GUANGXI OIL TEA

The Oil Tea is crowned as the 'Chinese Coffee'. It is a traditional food of ethnic groups such as the Yao, Dong, and Miao in Guangxi. The processing technique of Guilin Gongcheng Yao Oil Tea has been included in the UNESCO's Representative List of Intangible Cultural Heritage of Humanity.



NANNING LAOYOUFEN

Laoyoufen is famous for its fresh and spicy flavor, rich broth, perfect for stimulating the appetite in summer, and warding off the cold in winter, brimming with a lively and vibrant essence.



WUZHOU LIUPAO TEA

Liupao tea is well-known for its 'red, strong, pure, and aged' characteristics. It has been included in the UNESCO's Representative List of Intangible Cultural Heritage of Humanity.



LIUZHOU LUOSIFEN

Liuzhou Luosifen earned its worldwide fame for its unique flavor: umami, sour, refreshing, hot, and spicy—leaving people craving for more after every bite.



GUILIN RICE NOODLES

The preparation of Guilin Rice Noodles is simple and quick. A bowl of hot and delicious Guilin Rice Noodles is many people's daily pick for their meals during the day.



GUANGXI SUANYE

Suanye is a traditional famous snack of Guangxi, it is made by marinating fresh fruits and vegetables with vinegar, chili, sugar, and other seasonings. Suanye has a sour and crispy taste, refreshing and invigorating.



YANGSHUO BEER FISH

The 'Beer Fish' is a famous local specialty dish in Yangshuo. It is cooked with fresh carp paired with raw tea oil and premium beer. The fish is fresh and spicy, with a unique, crispy, and tender flavor.



WUZHOU TORTOISE JELLY

Wuzhou Tortoise Jelly is a China's national geographical indication product and a traditional tonic with a long history. Its original flavor is a little bitter but can be consumed with honey, coconut juice, or condensed milk.



CHAPTER
SEVEN

DYNAMIC
NIGHTLIFE





'THE NIGHT OF NANNING' NIGHT MARKET

'The Night of Nanning' night market is a recreational block that combines entertainment, performances, food, and shopping into one mix.



NANNING ZHONGSHAN ROAD

The Zhongshan Road in Nanning is a nationally famous gourmet street. With a long history and a plethora of delicacies, it offers everything from traditional Nanning snacks to gourmet food from 10 ASEAN countries, making it the favorite spot for locals to enjoy late-night snacks and a must-visit for anyone travelling to Nanning.

THE THREE STREETS AND TWO LANES



The Three Streets and Two Lanes (TSTL) was originally built in the Song Dynasty (A.D. 1602) and served as the commercial center of the ancient Nanning. It is a must-visit destination in Nanning.

WEST STREET IN YANGSHUO

West Street is located in the center of Yangshuo County, lined with many bars and inns, and loved by tourists worldwide.



YAOBU ANCIENT TOWN

The Yaobu Ancient Town is an important commercial and cultural hub in Liuzhou, featuring a cluster of ancient buildings, old docks, a food court, and other cultural and natural landscapes.





CHAPTER
EIGHT

ART and
ENTERTAINMENT

THE GUANGXI CULTURE AND ART CENTER IN NANNING

The Guangxi Culture and Art Center hosts large-scale performances such as dramas and concerts throughout the year.





THE LIVE-ACTION PERFORMANCE 'IMPRESSION LIU SANJIE' IN YANGSHUO, GUILIN

The live-action performance 'Impression Liu Sanjie' covers an area of 2 square kilometers of the Lijiang River, with 12 mountain peaks and the expansive sky as its natural backdrop. It is directed by the famed Chinese director Zhang Yimou. A UNWTO official commented: 'It's worth buying a plane ticket from anywhere in the world to come and see the performance'.

ZUO MEI, SANJIANG A LARGE-SCALE LIVE PERFORMANCE REPRESENTING THE CULTURE OF THE DONG ETHNIC GROUP IN SANJIANG, LIUZHOU

The *Zuo Mei, Sanjiang show*, also known as *Love Story*, is the first large-scale live performance showcasing the Dong ethnic group's culture. It integrates the rich and colorful traditional cultural elements of the Dong ethnic group, including clothing, folk songs, dances, and wedding customs.



THE FANTA WILD ASIAN LEGEND IN NANNING



The Fanta Wild Asian Legend in Nanning is a large-scale theme park showcasing the cultures of ASEAN countries.



HAI SI SHOU GANG, HEPU, BEIHAI

The Hai Si Shou Gang Scenic Area relies on Hefei Port, one of the ports of departure of the Maritime Silk Road in the Han Dynasty. It provides a variety of creative land and sea tourism projects, covering an area of nearly 30 square kilometers for both land and sea excursion.



An aerial photograph of a traditional Chinese bridge with multiple pavilions, spanning a river. The bridge features dark tiled roofs and ornate wooden structures. The surrounding landscape is lush green, with hills and a small village visible in the background. A red banner is overlaid on the right side of the image.

CHAPTER
NINE

QUALITY ROUTES

LANDSCAPES AND CULTURE TOUR

Key Cities

Guilin City; Yangshuo, Guilin; Longsheng, Guilin; Sanjiang, Liuzhou.

DAY1

Upon arrival in China, you can transfer to a flight to Guilin to begin your tour of landscapes and culture.

DAY2

You can visit the iconic Elephant Trunk Hill, which is also the city emblem of Guilin, and the Reed Flute Cave in Guilin before you taste a bowl of authentic Guilin rice noodles. Then, you can take a boat cruise to enjoy the night time scenery of Guilin, with its dazzling lights reflecting on the Two Rivers and Four Lakes.

DAY3

After breakfast, you may take a boat tour on Lijiang River, experiencing the poetic feeling of “sailing on the green waves, becoming part of scenery.” Upon arrival in Yangshuo County, you can climb up to the Ruyi Peak to enjoy the panoramic view of the mountains. For dinner, I recommend trying the local specialty dish, the Beer Fish. In the evening, try to immerse yourself in the spectacular outdoor performance Impression Liu Sanjie, a real-life landscape show, as you search for your own impression of Liu Sanjie.

DAY4

You can take a coach to Longsheng County and take a hike into the Huangluo Yao Village deep inside the rice terraces. The Yao people here has the custom to keep a long hair, for which the village is renowned as the “No.1 long-hair village in China.” There was a Guinness World Record for this as well.

DAY5

you can take a coach again heading towards Sanjiang County, Liuzhou, to experience the Dong culture through their wind and rain bridges, Hundred-family Banquet, and Dong Chorus.

DAY6

you can head back to Guilin by high-speed train, and then take the flight that brings you back to your sweet home.





COLORFUL BORDER TOUR

Key Cities

Nanning City; Daxin, Chongzuo.

DAY1

Upon arrival in China, you can transfer to a flight to Nanning, and go to the popular “Night of Nanning” to taste the local food, watch performances, and enjoy meandering through the night market.

DAY2

You can take a coach to the Daming Mountain Scenic Area. The area is renowned as the “Green Pearl on the Tropic of Cancer” and boasts a wealth of rare flora and fauna resources.

DAY3

You can head to the Daxin County by coach and visit the Detian Transnational Waterfall, the largest cross-border waterfall in Asia, to witness the powerful momentum of nature. In the afternoon, you can join a raft tour on the river that goes around the Mingshi Garden, a haven with splendid landscapes.

DAY4

you can basically try any activity you want in Nanning before coming back home by air.



CHAPTER
TEN

TRAVEL TIPS

TRANSPORTATION

AIRPORTS

Guangxi has two international airports: the Nanning Wuxu International Airport and the Guilin Liangjiang International Airport. 13 international direct flights from Nanning to cities such as Thailand's Bangkok, Cambodia's Phnom Penh, Singapore, Malaysia's Kuala Lumpur, the Philippines' Manila, Brunei Darussalam's Bandar Seri Begawan, Laos' Vientiane, Vietnam's Ho Chi Minh City, Indonesia's Jakarta, Vietnam's Nha Trang and Ha Noi have become available. In addition, direct flights from Nanning or Guilin to Chinese major cities such as Beijing, Shanghai, and Guangzhou have also become available.



Nanning Wuxu International Airport



Guilin Liangjiang International Airport

EXPRESSWAY NETWORK

The expressway network in Guangxi serves as the most convenient road link connecting the regional capital with various cities, as well as cities with counties and towns within the region. Currently, the expressway network has a mileage of more than 9,000 kilometers, realizing highway access to every county and providing access to all national 5A-level tourist destinations across the region.



Nanning Dong Railway Station

HIGH-SPEED RAILWAY

All 14 prefecture-level cities in Guangxi have fully implemented high-speed rail services. As the regional capital city of Guangxi, Nanning serves as a national tourism hub where multiple high-speed railway converge, allowing for convenient travel across the region and nationwide. Within a one-hour high-speed rail radius, visitors can explore the Beibu Gulf International Coastal Resort and the Xijiang Ecotourism Belt. Within a two-hour high-speed rail radius, one can experience the borderland cultural tourism belt and the Bama International Longevity Health Tourism Resort. And within a three-hour high-speed rail radius, travelers can immerse themselves in the International Tourism City of Guilin. Other than seamless travel within the region, travelers can take high-speed railways from Guangxi to major cities such as Beijing, Shanghai, and Xi'an in China.



PICKED HOTELS

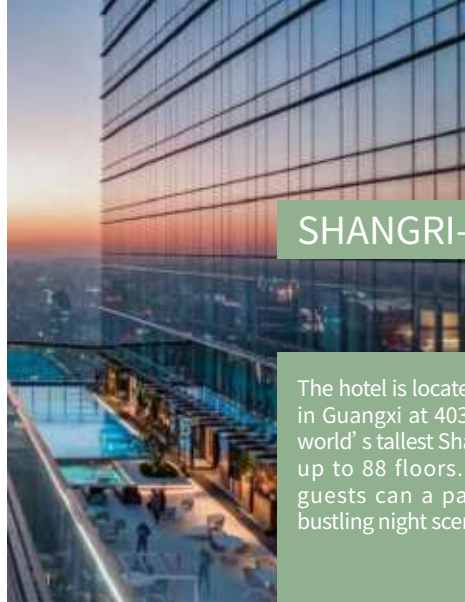


ALILA YANGSHUO

The hotel was transformed from a state-own sugar factory. It seamlessly combines industrial-style design with the karst landscape, making it one of China's most beautifully designed hotels.

Address:
No. 102, Dongling Road, Yangshuo Township,
Yangshuo County, Guilin City, Guangxi

Tel:
+86-773-8883999



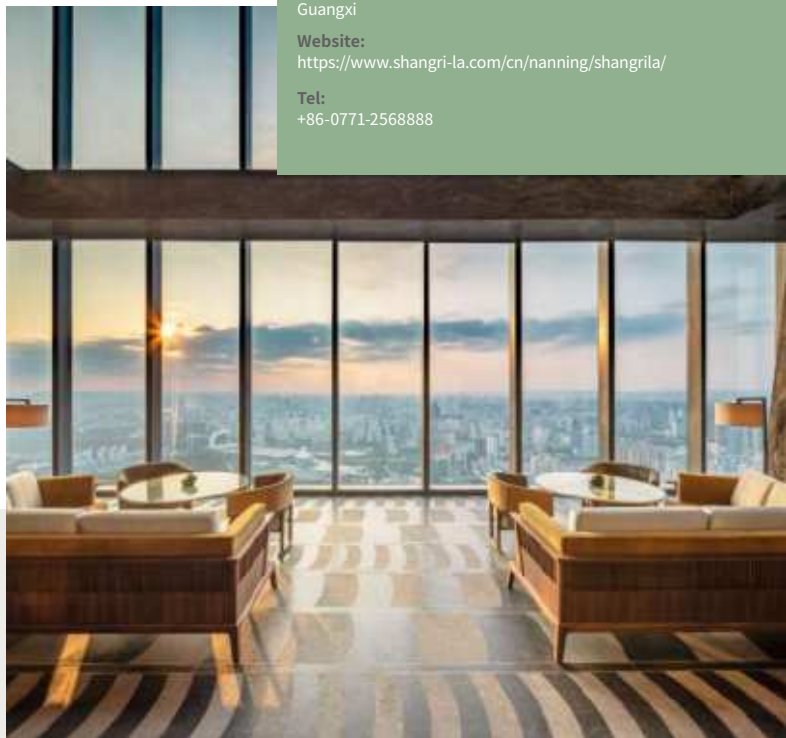
SHANGRI-LA NANNING

The hotel is located in the tallest building in Guangxi at 403 meters, making it the world's tallest Shangri-La hotel, towering up to 88 floors. With its orientation, guests can a panoramic view of the bustling night scene of Nanning.

Address:
No. 136-1, Minzu Avenue, Qingxiu District, Nanning City,
Guangxi

Website:
<https://www.shangri-la.com/cn/nanning/shangrila/>

Tel:
+86-0771-2568888





SHERATON GUILIN HOTEL

Sheraton Guilin Hotel is located in the heart of Guilin City, boasting a 180-degree panoramic view of the Lijiang landscape. It is within walking distance to scenic areas like the Elephant Trunk Hill, the Two Rivers Four Lakes scenic area, and the East West Street.

Address: No. 15, Binjiang Road, Xiufeng District, Guilin City, Guangxi

Website: <https://www.marriott.com.cn/hotels/kwlsi-sheraton-guilin-hotel/overview/>

Tel: +86-773-2825588

YANGSHUO ATOUR HOTEL

Adjacent to the West Street and the performance location of Impression Liu Sanjie, the Atour Hotel in Yangshuo, Guilin is equipped with high-quality bedding and upscale bath products. The balcony is a prime viewing spot, offering the ultimate enjoyment amidst the beautiful landscape.

Address: Building B, No. 6, Kangzhan Road, Yangshuo Township, Yangshuo County, Guilin City, Guangxi

Tel: +86-773-8889968

NANNING LIYUAN GRAND METRO PARK HOTEL

Liyuan Grand Metro Park Hotel is located near the Yongjiang River, adjacent to the Liyuan Resort and Qingxiu Mountain, offering thousands of acres of natural oxygen bar. It features leisure dining and entertainment space, with airport shuttle buses available for direct transport.

Address: No. 2, Libin Boulevard, Qingxiu District, Nanning City, Guangxi

Website: <https://www.ctgh.com/app/web/index.php>

Tel: +86-771-3893000

CROWN PLAZA BEIHAI SILVER BEACH

Nestled near the Silver Beach Resort Area, the Crown Plaza Beihai Silver Beach hotel offers an iconic high-altitude viewpoint, where guests can enjoy the breathtaking coastal scenes from above.

Address: No. 8, Sihao Road, Yintan District, Beihai City, Guangxi

Website: <https://www.ihg.com.cn/crowneplaza/hotels/cn/zh/beihai/bhyhi/hoteldetail>

Tel: +86-779-6666666

LUX* CHONGZUO, GUANGXI RESORT & VILLAS

The hotel is situated by the Mingshi River, hidden among mountains and surrounded by stunning scenery. Guests can enjoy painting, pottery, swimming by the mountainside, and watching movie under the stars in the Sky Bar, all while relishing the tranquil slow-paced life.

Address:
Mingshi Township, Daxin County, Chongzuo City, Guangxi

Tel:
+86-771-3696288



CONTACT US



@Discover Guangxi China / @Splendors of Guangxi



WEIBO



WECHAT



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